

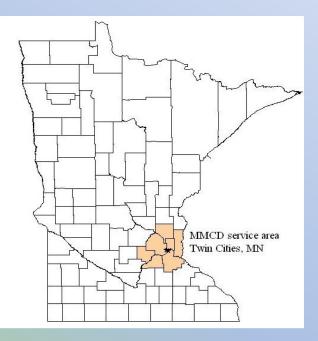
Applying low Methoprene rates by aircraft

Mark E. Smith Metropolitan Mosquito Control District St. Paul, Minnesota

Metropolitan Mosquito Control District

- Minneapolis/St Paul Metro Area
- Cover ~3,000 sq. mi. & 7 counties
- 182 communities & townships
- Annual Budget: ~ \$19 million
- Seven regional facilities
- 54 RFT, 210 seasonal inspectors
- Utilize 6 Jet Ranger Helicopters
- Focus on regional larval control





History of Methoprene at MMCD

- In 1980's & 1990's, our former Director, Dr. Robert Sjogren, worked closely with the Zoecon Corporation to develop Altosid briquets, pellets, sand and other formulations
- Many use patterns and product evaluation methodologies used today were created as MMCD became an early adopter of the Altosid products







MMCD's Seven Counties

Identified Breeding Habitat

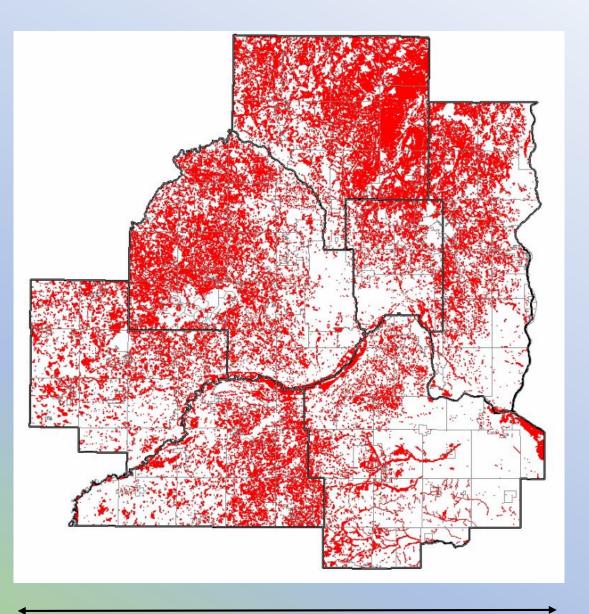
81,639 sites

Habitat is in urban, suburban and rural areas

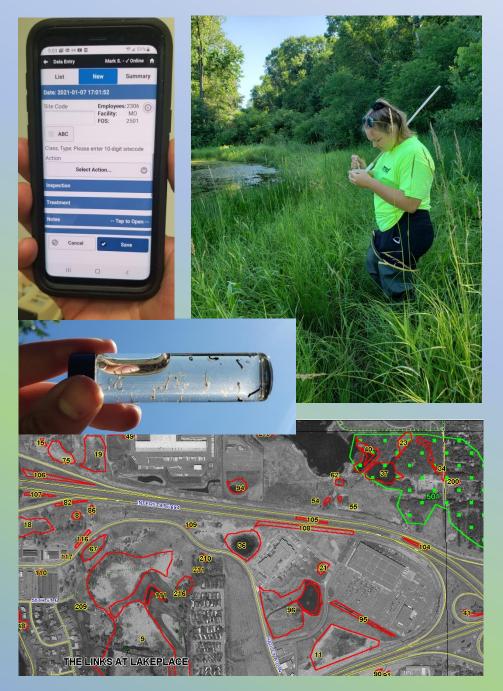
Budget impact

Prioritization

Utilize all active ingredients to operate in the most effective and efficient means possible



50 miles



Operational strategies

- Focus control on areas of high human population & treatment impact
- Treatments are based upon larval surveillance & site history
- Majority of our sites are treated by helicopter (> 2 acres)
- ~ 93% of control material budget goes towards larvicides
- Evaluate control on approximately 10% of our breeding sites

Helicopter calibration & swath characterization

Critical for low application rates Quality product deposition in each individual site Product effectiveness

Economic aspects Maximize regional coverage of District service area Application efficiency





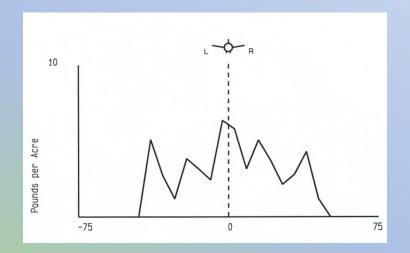


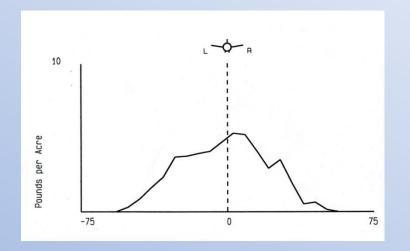






Each control material has unique swath characteristics





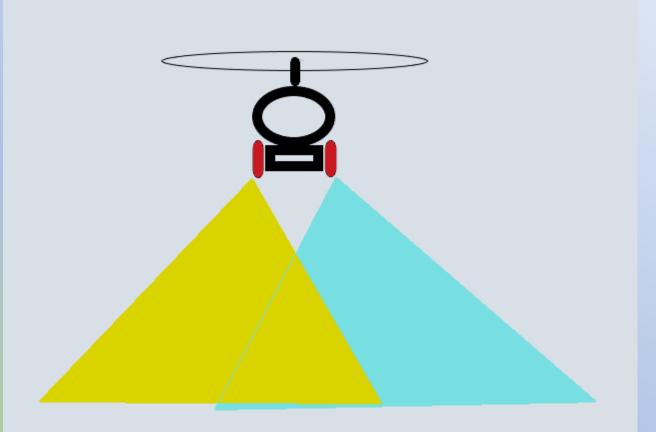








Each aircraft has its unique application pattern



Optimized Swath Patterns

To achieve a consistent per acre application rate, you need to determine an optimized or operational swath width.

80 ft – sand type granule

72 ft – corncob granule



BFCV

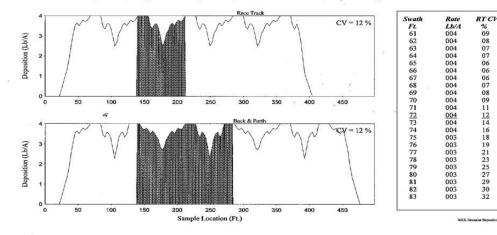
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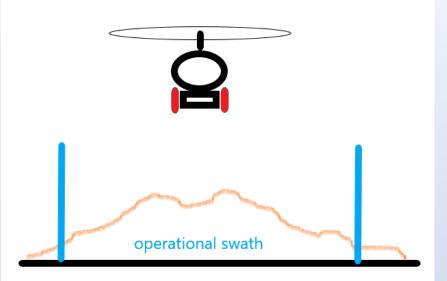
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Note 1: Estimated Rate is a compated value based on measured quantities of MetaLarv S-PT granules collected from a Isolair Hoppers spreader with gate on a 7.2 F is swith interval at a ground-speed of 60 MFH. Note 2: CV estimates the degree of uniformity of deposition across the field (0 - bcst, 100 - worst, $<125^{\circ}$ normally acceptable). Note 3: Shaded mears expressent the repeating portion of the overlapped swith deposition across the field. CV is computed from this overlapped section.







How did we determine our application rates?

Historical data

product development, evaluation & QA program compare w/ Altosid pellets (2.5 lbs./acre) 90% El operationally Methoprene products – 75-95% El

Efficacy testing

laboratory & field bioassays emergence trapping

• Economics

maximize coverage of service area



How to optimize use of pre-hatch control

- Philosophy consider the overall mosquito control within your District
- Best utilization of all control materials how can they work together to maximize effectiveness?
- Duration of product risk of application not be fully utilized
- Aedes floodwater (rain dependent) vs Cq. perturbans (surveyed populations)
- Limited access sites or public relations issues
- Product rotation
- Program efficiency



Drone applications

- Low application rates are ideal
- Payload capacity & flight time
- Determining how to best utilize this technology in our operations

